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REMARKS

The above Amendment and the following remarks are responsive to the Office Action dated August 8, 2005. The Applicant requests entry of this Amendment, favorable reconsideration of this case, and early issuance of a Notice of Allowance.

Status of the Claims

Upon entry of this Amendment, the Applicant has rewritten claims 1, 4, 5, 8, 12, 13, 14, 16, 20, 22, 23, 25 and 27. Thus, claims 1-30 are pending in the application. Claims 1, 8, 14, 20, and 25 are independent claims.

Allowable Claims

The Examiner has indicated that claims 7, 12, 14-19 and 22-23 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejections under 37 C.F.R. § 112, 2nd paragraph and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. In addition to rewriting the claims to overcome the rejections under 37 C.F.R. § 112, 2nd paragraph, this Amendment rewrites independent claims 1, 8, 14, 20 and 25 to incorporate the allowable claim limitations from allowable claims 7, 12, 14-19 and 22-23, namely that the first gas vent includes a plurality of openings radially arranged with each opening cut generally perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the gun barrel.

Examiner Interview

The Applicant reviewed the content of this Amendment with the Examiner via a telephone conference on December , 2005. As a result of that teleconference ...

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Response to the Rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 112, Second Paragraph

The Examiner rejected claims 1, 4-5, 8, 13-14, 16, 20, 22-23, and 25 under 35 U.S.C. §

112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly

claim the subject matter that the Applicants regard as the invention.

The Examiner indicates that the phrase "the gas vents" in claims 4-5 make the claim

indefinite as to whether the first or second gas vent is intended. In response, the Applicant has

rewritten claims 4-5 to clarify that the "first gas vent" is intended in claim 4 and the "second gas

vent" is intended in claim 5. The Applicant believes that claims 4-5, as presently claimed, is

allowable because those claims are definite, particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject

matter that the Applicant regards as the invention, and have proper antecedent basis. Thus, the

Examiner should withdraw this rejection as to claims 4-5.

The Examiner indicates that the phrase "a second end" in claim 13 should be claimed as

"said second end" if the previously claimed "second end" is intended. In response, the Applicant

has rewritten claim 13 to refer to "the first end" to agree with the muzzle stabilizer shown in the

drawings. The Applicant believes that claim 13, as presently claimed, is allowable because it is

definite, particularly points out and distinctly claims the subject matter that the Applicant regards

as the invention, and has proper antecedent basis. Thus, the Examiner should withdraw this

rejection as to claim 13.

The Examiner indicates that it is not clear in claim 16 how the claimed "a gas vent

disposed at an angle of thirty degrees" relates to the previously claimed "at least one of said at

least one slot gas vent nearest a second end of the tubular body has an angle that is non-parallel".

In response, the Applicant has rewritten claim 16 to indicate that the "angle of said at least one

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slot gas vent is thirty degrees". The Applicant believes that claim 16, as presently claimed, is

allowable because it is definite, particularly points out and distinctly claims the subject matter

that the Applicant regards as the invention, and has proper antecedent basis. Thus, the Examiner

should withdraw this rejection as to claim 16.

The Examiner indicates that the phrase "at least one slot gas vent" in claim 14 is

indefinite because the Applicant later claims at least one gas vent near the first end and at least

one gas slot near the second end, thus, at least two slot gas vents. In response, the Applicant has

rewritten claim 14 to more clearly specify that the tubular body comprises "gas vents of

graduated sizes radially arranged about the tubular body and at least one slot gas vent". The

Applicant believes that claim 14, as presently claimed, is allowable because it is definite,

particularly points out and distinctly claims the subject matter that the Applicant regards as the

invention, and has proper antecedent basis. Thus, the Examiner should withdraw this rejection

as to claim 14.

The Examiner indicates that it is not clear in claim 22 how the claimed "the gas vents"

relates to the previously claimed "a first gas vent". In response, the Applicant has rewritten

claim 22 to "the plurality of openings of the first gas vent". The Applicant believes that claim

22, as presently claimed, is allowable because it is definite, particularly points out and distinctly

claims the subject matter that the Applicant regards as the invention, and has proper antecedent

basis. Thus, the Examiner should withdraw this rejection as to claim 22.

The Examiner indicates that it is not clear in claim 23 how the claimed "a gas vent

disposed at thirty-degrees" relates to the previously claimed "a second gas vent". In response,

the Applicant has rewritten claim 23 to indicate that the "second gas vent is disposed at a thirty-

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degree angle from the longitudinal axis". The Applicant believes that claim 23, as presently

claimed, is allowable because it is definite, particularly points out and distinctly claims the

subject matter that the Applicant regards as the invention, and has proper antecedent basis. Thus,

the Examiner should withdraw this rejection as to claim 23.

The Examiner indicates that the phrase "an attachment flange connected to the first end"

and "a gas regulator threadedly engaged with the second end" in claims 1, 8, 14, 20 and 25 does

not describe the muzzle stabilizer shown in the drawings. In response, the Applicant has

rewritten claims 1, 8, 14, 20 and 25 to claim "an attachment flange connected to the second end

of the tubular body" and "a gas regulator threadedly engaged with the first end of the tubular

body" as shown in the drawings. The Applicant believes that claims 1, 8, 14, 20 and 25, as

presently claimed, is allowable because those claims are definite, particularly point out and

distinctly claim the subject matter that the Applicant regards as the invention, and have proper

antecedent basis. Thus, the Examiner should withdraw this rejection as to claims 1, 8, 14, 20 and

25.

Response to the Rejections under 35 U.S.C. § 102

The Examiner rejected claims 8-11, 20-21, and 24-30 as being anticipated by Cave,

United States Patent Number 4,879,942 (hereinafter "Cave"). The Examiner also rejected claims

20-21 and 24 as being anticipated by Garris et al., United States Patent Number 4,813,333

(hereinafter "Garris"). The Applicants respectfully traverses each of these rejections.

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Rejection of Claims 8-11, 20-21, and 24-30 based on Cave

Anticipation requires that each and every element of the claims must be present in the cited prior art reference. As amended, the claims are not anticipated by Cave.

Cave describes a muzzle brake that attaches to a gun barrel. The muzzle brake has "a first set of vents" nearest the muzzle end of the gun barrel and "a second set of vents" farthest from the muzzle end of the gun barrel. Independent claims 8, 20 and 25, as presently claimed, describe a muzzle brake for a gun barrel which has a first gas vent and a second gas vent. Since the presently claimed "first gas vent" is farthest from the muzzle end of the gun barrel, it is analogous to the "second set of vents" in Cave. Similarly, since the presently claimed "second gas vent" is nearest the muzzle end of the gun barrel, it is analogous to the "first set of vents" in Cave. The following table compares the analogous elements of Cave and the presently claim invention.

Cave	Independent claims 8, 20 and 25, as presently claimed
The second set of vents (farthest from the	The first gas vent (farthest from the muzzle
muzzle end of the gun barrel) include two slot	end of the gun barrel) comprises a <u>plurality of</u>
vents that are transverse to the longitudinal	openings radially arranged about the tubular
axis of the gun barrel with a discharge angle	body with each opening having a discharge
perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the	angle that is perpendicular to the longitudinal
gun barrel.	axis of the tubular body.

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axis of the gun barrel.

to 75 degree angle relative to the longitudinal

Cave	Independent claims 8, 20 and 25, as presently claimed
The first set of vents (nearest the muzzle end	The second gas vent (nearest the muzzle end
of the gun barrel) include a plurality of vent	of the gun barrel) has an angle that is non-
holes radially arranged about the upper half of	parallel to the angle of the first gas vent.
the main body of the muzzle brake with a	
discharge angle away from the shooter at a 70	
to 75 degree angle relative to the longitudinal	

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In Cave, the second set of vents (those farthest from the muzzle end of the gun barrel) include two radial slot vents longitudinally arranged with a discharge angle cut generally perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the gun barrel. In contrast, the first gas vent in the presently claimed invention includes a plurality of openings radially arranged with each opening cut generally perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the gun barrel. Thus, since Cave does not include each element of the claimed invention, the Applicants believe that the Examiner should withdraw this anticipation rejection based on Cave as to independent claims 8, 20 and 25.

Claims 9-11 depend from independent claim 8, claims 21 and 24 depend from independent claim 20, and claims 26-30 depend from independent claim 25. For the previously stated reasons, independent claims 8, 20 and 25 are allowable. Since any claim that depends from an allowable independent claim is also allowable, the Applicant believes that the Examiner should also withdraw this anticipation rejection based on Cave as to dependent claims 9-11, 21, 24 and 26-30.

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Rejection of Claims 20-21 and 24 Based on Garris

Anticipation requires that each and every element of the claims must be present in the

cited prior art reference. As amended, the claims are not anticipated by Garris.

Garris describes a device for firearms that attaches to the muzzle end of a firearm to

stabilize the muzzle and to suppress the flash during firing. The device includes two surface

openings longitudinally arranged through which firing gases escape, the first surface opening is

farthest from the muzzle end of the firearm and the second surface opening is nearest the muzzle

end of the firearm. Independent claim 20, as presently claimed, describes a muzzle brake for a

gun barrel which has a first gas vent and a second gas vent. Since the presently claimed "first

gas vent" is farthest from the muzzle end of the gun barrel, it is analogous to the "first surface

opening" in Garris. Similarly, since the presently claimed "second gas vent" is nearest the

muzzle end of the gun barrel, it is analogous to the "second surface opening" in Garris. The

following table compares the analogous elements of Garris and the presently claim invention.

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Garris	Independent claim 20, as presently claimed
As shown in Figures 1, 2 and 5:	
The first surface opening (farthest	The first gas vent (farthest from the muzzle
from the muzzle end of the firearm) is	end of the gun barrel) comprises a plurality of
a slot vent radially arranged and cut	openings radially arranged about the tubular
generally perpendicular to the	body with each opening having a discharge
longitudinal axis of the device.	angle that is perpendicular to the longitudinal
	axis of the tubular body.
The second surface opening (nearest	The second gas vent (nearest the muzzle end
the muzzle end of the firearm) is a	of the gun barrel) has an angle that is non-
slanted opening cut at a slant to the	parallel to the angle of the first gas vent.
longitudinal axis of the device so that	
gases exit away from the firer.	

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Garris	Independent claim 20, as presently claimed
As shown in Figure 4, an alternative	
embodiment:	
The first surface opening (farthest	The first gas vent (farthest from the muzzle
from the muzzle end of the firearm)	end of the gun barrel) comprises a plurality of
includes a plurality of circular	openings radially arranged about the tubular
openings radially arranged and cut	body with each opening having a discharge
generally perpendicular to the	angle that is perpendicular to the longitudinal
longitudinal axis of the device.	axis of the tubular body.
The second surface opening (<u>nearest</u>	The second gas vent (nearest the muzzle end
the muzzle end of the firearm)	of the gun barrel) has an angle that is non-
includes a plurality of longitudinal	parallel to the angle of the first gas vent.
slots radially arranged and cut	
generally perpendicular to the	
longitudinal axis of the device.	

In Figures 1, 2 and 5 of Garris, the first surface opening (the opening <u>farthest</u> from the muzzle end of the gun barrel) is a slot vent. In contrast, the first gas vent in the presently claimed invention includes a plurality of openings that are radially arranged. In Figure 4 of Garris, the second surface opening (the opening nearest the muzzle end of the firearm) includes two longitudinal slot vents radially arranged and cut generally perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the gun barrel, In contrast, the second gas vent in the presently claimed invention is cut at an angle non-parallel to the first gas vent. Thus, since Garris does not include each element of the claimed invention, the Applicants believe that the Examiner should withdraw this anticipation rejection based on Garris as to independent claim 20.

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Claims 21 and 24 depend from independent claim 20. For the previously stated reasons, independent claim 20 is allowable. Since any claim that depends from an allowable independent

claim is also allowable, the Applicant believes that the Examiner should also withdraw this

anticipation rejection based on Garris as to dependent claims 21 and 24.

Response to the Rejections under 35 U.S.C. § 103

The Examiner rejected claims 1-4 and 13 as being unpatentable over Cave in view of

Davies, United States Patent Number 6,308,609 (hereinafter "Davies"). The Examiner rejected

claim 5 as being unpatentable over Caves in view of Davies and further in view of Rose, United

States Patent Number 5,698,810 (hereinafter "Rose"), Tripp, United States Patent Number

5,020,416 (hereinafter "Tripp") or Chahin, United States Patent Number 4,869,151 (hereinafter

"Chahin"). The Examiner rejected claims 1-2 and 4-6 as being unpatentable over Garris in view

of Davies. The Applicants respectfully traverses each of these rejections.

Rejection of Claims 1-4 and 23 based on Cave in view of Davies

A prima facie case of obviousness requires a prior art reference or combination of

references to meet three criteria. First there must be some suggestion or motivation, either in the

cited reference or in the knowledge of one skilled in the art, to modify the reference or to

combine reference teachings. Second, there must be a reasonable expectation of success.

Finally, the prior art reference or combination of references must teach or suggest all the claim

limitations. Cave and Davies, taken either alone or in combination, do not teach or suggest the

claims as amended.

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For the reasons stated in the previous section titled "Response to the Rejections under 35

U.S.C. § 102", Cave alone does not teach or suggest all of the limitations of independent claims

8, 20 and 25. Since independent claim 1, as presently claimed, includes similar limitations to

those noted in independent claims 8, 20 and 25, Cave alone also does not teach or suggest all of

the limitations of independent claim 1.

Davies describes an apparatus for reducing muzzle blast upon discharge of one or more

projectiles from a gun. The Examiner relies on the disclosure in Davies for the teaching of a

thread pattern for attaching muzzle elements of at least 24 threads per inch. Davies does not

make up for the shortcomings of Cave by describing, as presently claimed in independent claims

1 and 20, a first gas vent that includes a plurality of openings radially arranged with each

opening cut generally perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the gun barrel. For this reason,

the Applicant believes that the Examiner should withdraw this obviousness rejection because

Cave and Davies, taken alone or in combination, do not render obvious the presently claimed

invention in independent claims 1 and 20.

Rejection of Claim 5 based on Cave in view of Davies and further in view of Rose, Tripp or

Chahin

A prima facie case of obviousness requires a prior art reference or combination of

references to meet three criteria. First there must be some suggestion or motivation, either in the

cited reference or in the knowledge of one skilled in the art, to modify the reference or to

combine reference teachings. Second, there must be a reasonable expectation of success.

Finally, the prior art reference or combination of references must teach or suggest all the claim

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limitations. Cave, Davies and Rose, Tripp or Chahin, taken either alone or in combination, do

not teach or suggest the claims as amended.

For the reasons stated in the previous section titled "Response to the Rejections under 35"

U.S.C. § 102", Cave alone does not teach or suggest all of the limitations of independent claims

8, 20 and 25. Since independent claim 1, as presently claimed, includes similar limitations to

those noted in independent claims 8, 20 and 25, Cave alone also does not teach or suggest all of

the limitations of independent claim 1.

For this reasons stated in the previous section titled "Rejection of Claims 1-4 and 23

based on Cave in view of Davies", Cave and Davies, taken alone or in combination, do not teach

or suggest all of the limitations of independent claim 1.

Rose describes a ballistic optimizing system that improves the single shot accuracy of a

firearm. The Examiner relies on the disclosure in Rose for the teaching of gas vents that include

a row of bores (element 69) and ports (element 98) cut to discharge gases away from the central

axis of the rifle bore at a thirty degree angle. Rose does not make up for the shortcomings of

Cave by describing, as presently claimed in independent claims 1 and 20, a first gas vent that

includes a plurality of openings radially arranged with each opening cut generally perpendicular

to the longitudinal axis of the gun barrel. For this reason, the Applicant believes that the

Examiner should withdraw this obviousness rejection because Cave, Davies and Rose, taken

alone or in combination, do not render obvious the presently claimed invention in independent

claims 1 and 20.

Tripp describes a muzzle brake for a firearm. The Examiner relies on the disclosure in

Tripp for the teaching of a gas vent angled at about a thirty degree angle. Tripp does not make

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up for the shortcomings of Cave by describing, as presently claimed in independent claims 1 and

20, a first gas vent that includes a plurality of openings radially arranged with each opening cut

generally perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the gun barrel. For this reason, the Applicant

believes that the Examiner should withdraw this obviousness rejection because Cave, Davies and

Tripp, taken alone or in combination, do not render obvious the presently claimed invention in

independent claims 1 and 20.

Chahin describes a noise and recoil suppressor apparatus for high powered rifles. The

Examiner relies on the disclosure in Chahin for the teaching of a gas vent angled at about a thirty

degree angle. Chahin does not make up for the shortcomings of Cave by describing, as presently

claimed in independent claims 1 and 20, a first gas vent that includes a plurality of openings

radially arranged with each opening cut generally perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the

gun barrel. For this reason, the Applicant believes that the Examiner should withdraw this

obviousness rejection because Cave, Davies and Chahin, taken alone or in combination, do not

render obvious the presently claimed invention in independent claims 1 and 20.

Rejection of Claims 1-2 and 4-6 based on Garris in view of Davies

A prima facie case of obviousness requires a prior art reference or combination of

references to meet three criteria. First there must be some suggestion or motivation, either in the

cited reference or in the knowledge of one skilled in the art, to modify the reference or to

combine reference teachings. Second, there must be a reasonable expectation of success.

Finally, the prior art reference or combination of references must teach or suggest all the claim

limitations. Garris and Davies, taken either alone or in combination, do not teach or suggest the

claims as amended.

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For the reasons stated in the previous section titled "Response to the Rejections under 35

U.S.C. § 102", Garris alone does not teach or suggest all of the limitations of independent claim

20. Since independent claim 1, as presently claimed, includes similar limitations to those noted

in independent claim 20, Garris alone also does not teach or suggest all of the limitations of

independent claim 1.

Davies describes an apparatus for reducing muzzle blast upon discharge of one or more

projectiles from a gun. The Examiner relies on the disclosure in Davies for the teaching of a

thread pattern for attaching muzzle elements of at least 24 threads per inch. Davies does not

make up for the shortcomings of Garris by describing, as presently claimed in independent claim

1, a first gas vent that includes a plurality of openings radially arranged with each opening cut

generally perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the gun barrel. For this reason, the Applicant

believes that the Examiner should withdraw this obviousness rejection because Garris and

Davies, taken alone or in combination, do not render obvious the presently claimed invention in

independent claim 1.

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AUTHORIZATION

The undersigned hereby authorizes the Commissioner to charge all required fees, fees under 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.16 and 1.17, or all required extension of time fees for this paper to Deposit Account Number 50-0573.

Respectfully submitted, PAUL J. HANSLICK THOMAS D. ADAMS, AND JAMES BARRY HOHLFELD

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